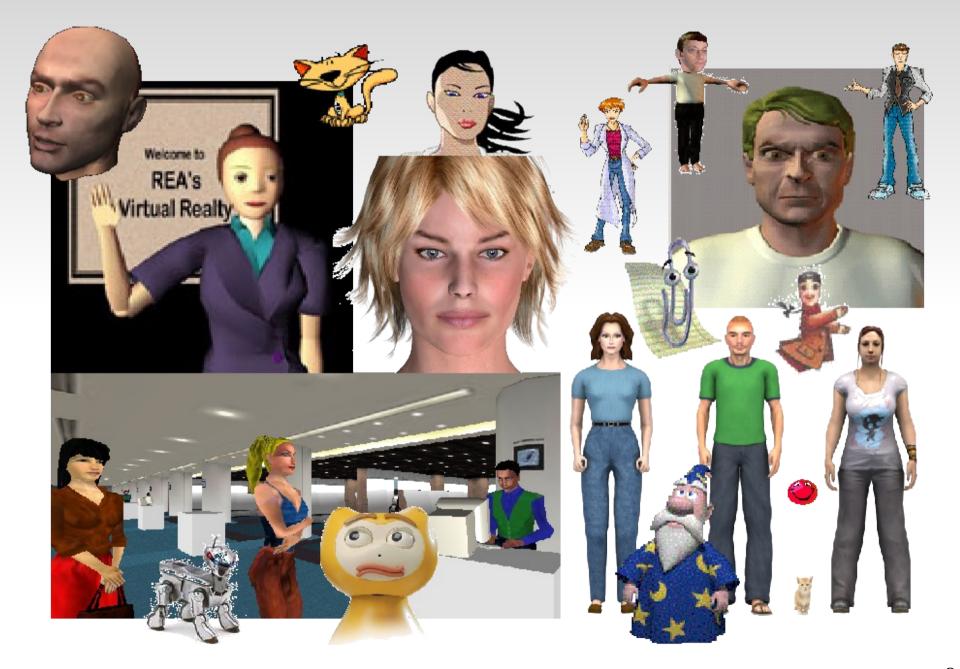
Advanced Human-Machine Interaction

Embodied Conversational Agents

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INSA Rouen – ASI Department BO.B.RC.18, pauchet@insa-rouen.fr

Introduction



French working group ACAI

Bienvenue sur le site du GT ACAI

Le groupe de travail "Affects, Compagnons Artificiels et Interactions" (ACAI) de **CAPIA** a été créé en 2012. Son objectif est de regrouper les activités en France autour de l'informatique affective et de l'interaction avec des compagnons artificiels. Il se situe dans la continuité du **S** groupe de travail ACA créé initialement au sein du GdR I3 du CNRS.

Depuis le 1er janvier 2015, le GT ACAI est aussi un "Local Interest Group" (LIG-France) de l'association S AAAC (ex-Humaine).

Ses principales actions sont :

- = La diffusion d'information à travers la liste 📾 acai@poleia.lip6.fr (220 membres en juillet 2018)
 - Pour vous abonner, vous pouvez envoyer un email à Micolas.Sabouret@limsi.fr

L'organisation de journées de travail :

- » La journée du S 22 novembre 2011 à Paris Informatique Affective, Agents Conversationnels Animés et Robots
- . La journée du 6 avril 2012 à Paris Affects, Compagnons Artificiels et Interactions
- » La journée du 7 juin 2013 à Paris Affects, Compagnons Artificiels et Interactions
- = La journée du 17 juin 2015 à Paris Affects, Compagnons Artificiels et Interactions
- » La journée du 28 juin 2017 à Paris Affects, Compagnons Artificiels et Interactions
- . L'organisation de la conférence WACAI (qui prend la suite des conférences WACA) :
 - WACA 2005 Premier Workshop ACA, 13-14 juin 2005, Grenoble.
 - WACA 2006 Deuxième Workshop ACA, 26 et 27 octobre 2006, Toulouse.
 - WACA 2008 Troisième Workshop ACA, 28 novembre 2008, Paris.
 - WACA 2010 Quatrième Workshop ACA, 25-26 novembre 2010, Lille.
 - WACAI 2012 Cinquième Workshop ACAI, 15-16 novembre 2012, Grenoble. Les articles sont ma disponibles ici.
 - WACAI 2014 Sixième Workshop ACAI, 1-2 juillet 2014, Rouen. Les articles sont and disponibles ici.
 - 🖷 🚱 WACAI 2016 Septième Workshop ACAI, 13-14 juin 2016, Brest, au cours de laquelle nous avons animé une table ronde sur les thématiques ACAI. Les articles sont adjournables ici.
 - WACAI 2018 Huitième Workshop ACAI, 13-15 juin 2018, Porquerolles. Les articles sont adisponibles ici.
- La participation à des journées communes avec d'autres GDR :
 - Journée commune au GT 5 du GDR Robotique et au GT ACAI a 6 décembre 2017 à Paris.
- La publication de travaux scientifiques de la communauté :
 - Après le numéro spécial édité en 2011, la revue TSI a publié en 2012 un nouveau numéro spécial sur le thème du GT: Su Agents Conversationnels Animés et Informatique Affective (numéro 31, volume 4).
 - = En 2014, la revue RIA a édité un numéro spécial ACAI basé sur les meilleurs articles de la conférence WACAI 2012 (volume 28/1). 5 articles de la conférence y sont publiés.
 - . En 2017, la revue RIA a édité un numéro spécial ACAI basé sur les meilleurs articles de la conférence WACAI 2016 (volume 31/5). 4 articles de la conférence y sont publiés.

Vous trouverez mici les transparents de présentation du GT ACAI à l'assemblée générale du GDR I3 du 4 décembre 2012.

Voir aussi

- Présentation des objectifs scientifiques du GT
- = Les quatre axes thématiques du GT
- Organisation du GT
- Principales équipes impliquées (en France)

http://acai.lip6.fr/

GT ACAI

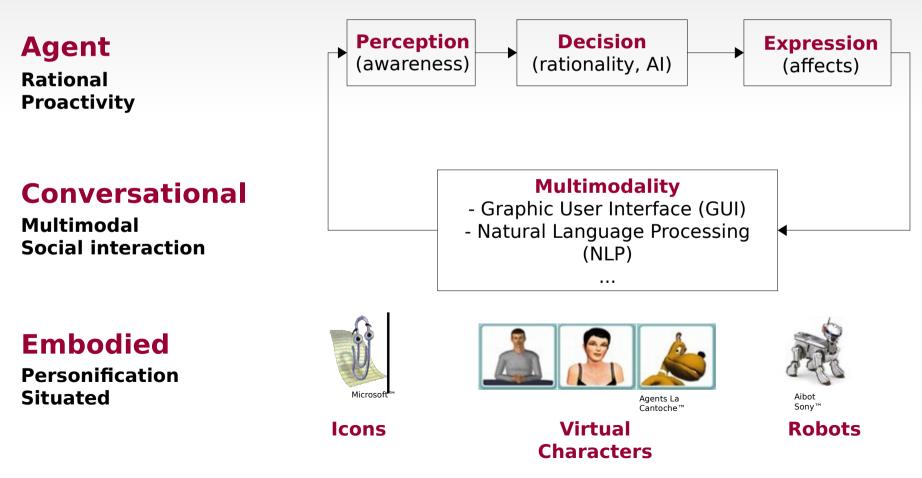
- 2004: GT ACA (ECA)
- 2012: GT ACAI
 - GDR I3, SMA from AFIA
 - Affects, Artificial Companions and Interaction
- 2015: Local Interest Group (LIG-France) of AAAC (ex-Humaine association)
- Thematic meetings
 - Corpus
 - Virtual agents
 - Affective computing
- From 50 to 100 people

GT ACAI

- Workshop WACA 2005, 2006, 2008, 2010
 - Chatbots, dialogical agents
 - Assistant agents
 - Virtual agents
 - Emotions
- WACAI: Affects, Artificial Companions and Interaction
 - 2012 in Grenoble, 2014 in Rouen, 2016 in Brest, 2018 in Porquerolles
- Web Site: http://acai.lip6.fr/
 - GT ACA: http://www.limsi.fr/aca/
- Mailing list: acai@poleia.lip6.fr

Definitions

ECA: "Embodied Conversational Agent" **IVA**: "Intelligent Virtual Agent"



Roles of ECAs

ECAs are "Interactive Virtual Characters" that are situated in mediated (often distributed) environments.

They can play four main roles:

Assistants to welcome **users** and to assist them in understanding and using the structure and the functioning of applications

- Tutorsfor students in human-learning mediated environments, or for
patients in psychological/pathological monitoring systems
- **Partners** for **actors** in virtual environments: partner or adversary in a game, participant in creative design groups, member of a mixed-initiative community, ...

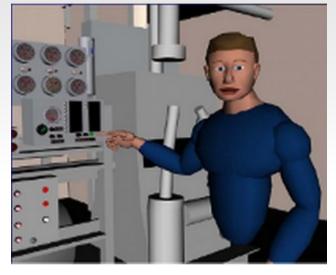
Companions as a friend in a long term relashionship

Categories of ECAs

GRETA (Pélachaud LTCI)



STEVE (Rickel et al USC)



VTE (Gratch et al USC)



Talking heads

Fixed – Realistic Expressions – LipSynch Emotions

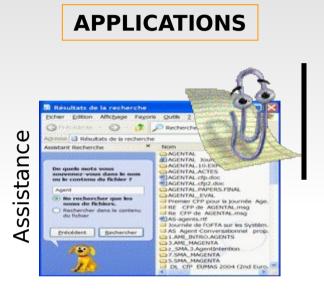
Gestural Agents

Fixes/floating – moving arms Dialogue – Deictic – Sign language Tutoring – Assistance

Situated Agents

Complete mobile characters Virtual/Augmented reality Training – Action

Deploying environments



WEB PAGES



AMBIENT



Education

Mixed Communities



Augmented Reality



Scientific issues

Agent modelling: interaction performance/efficiency of models

- Interaction models with users: Multi-modality, H/M Dialogue
- Models of cognitive agents: BDI logics and planning, affective logics, ...
- Task models and user models: Symbolic Representation and Reasoning

Human modelling: ecological relevance of models

- Capture
- Representation
- Reproduction
- Evaluation
- Application

of physiology

of expressions

of behaviours

y ns - of humans

Scientific communities

Computer Science and Natural Language Processing

- Multi-Agent Systems
- Human-Machine Interaction/Interfaces
- Human-Machine Dialogue

Humanities and Society Sciences

- Psychology of Language Interaction
- Ergonomic psychology

Projects and teams

European project SEMAINE (http://www.semaine-project.eu/)

ISIR (France):



LIMSI (France): MARC

Greta







- Bielefield University (Germany)
- USC (USA): Virtual Human Toolkit

Design of animated characters (ECAs or avatars)

- Independent of the embodiment level
- Non verbal behaviours (postures, gestures, ...):
 - Theoretical approach (related works)
 - Empirical approach (corpus analysis)
- Generated animations
 - From an intention (triggering action)
 - Automatically and cyclically



<configuration> <timecode>10</timecode> <body>front</body> <head>front</head> <eyes>open happy</eyes>

<leftArm>hello</leftArm>

<rightArm>hip</rightArm> <speech>Hello!</speech> </configuration>





Evaluation





Reproduction

Corpora

Representation

Talking heads

Beauty contest for Embodied Conversational agents www.missdigitalworld.com Nikita by Kozaburo © 2002 Done with Poser 5 / No Postwork Model: DAZ-3D Victoria-3 Skin Texture:Mec4D

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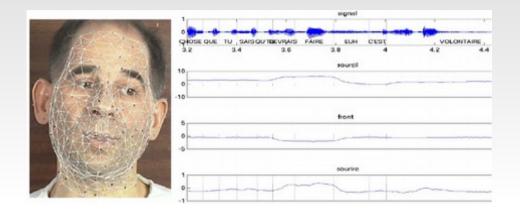
Models based on visems

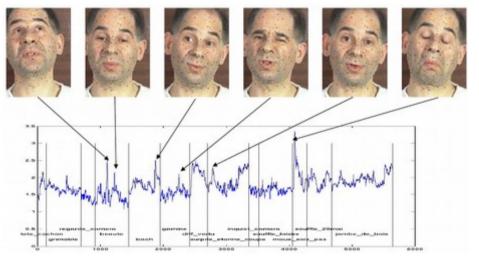
- Visem: elementary unit of the position of the muscles of the human faces (3D model)
- Experimental settings:
 - Small red balls manually placed on the face
 - 3 to 5 cameras
 - Training corpus



G. Bailly and F. Elisey, GT ACA, 2006.03.15, http://www.limsi.fr/aca/

Transitions between expressions





- Torsion model of the face and the neck
- The positions of the red balls are set manually
- Pattern recognition is used to monitor ball movements
- Extraction of key frames automatic and manual

G. Bailly and F. Elisey, GT ACA, 2006.03.15, http://www.limsi.fr/aca/

Analysis and synthesis

- Visems + 3D model are used to (re-)generate expressions
 - 6 to 11 parameters
- Validation by comparing to real expressions

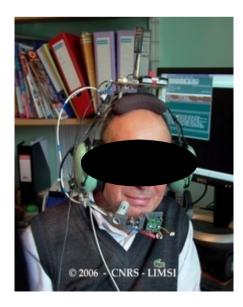


G. Bailly and F. Elisey, GT ACA, 2006.03.15, http://www.limsi.fr/aca/

'Talking head' project (LIMSI)



- Based on visems
- Video corpus of 21 utterances:
- « C'est /phonem/ ici » (Ex: « C'est u ici »)





•••





C'est









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Realistic talking heads



Greta (Prudence, Obadiah, Poppy and Spike) LTCI – Telecom ParisTech





MARC LIMSI

Neutral state Unexpected event

nt Unpleasant

nt G

Goal obstructive

Negative coping potential

Gestural agents



http://marc.limsi.fr/

Design of realistic gestural agents and avatars



Annotated corpus of videos (ex: Anvil)



Psychological knowledge (Related works)



GRETA (ISIR)

MARC (LIMSI)



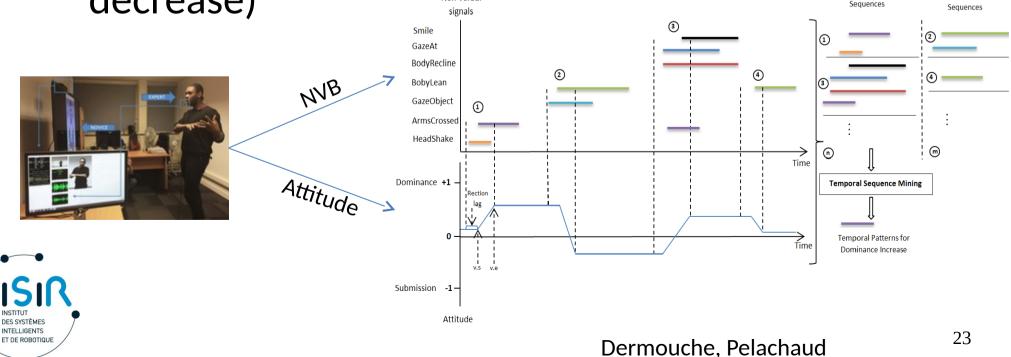
Multimodal Social Behaviours

- How to capture variety and subtleness of human behaviors?
 - Build multimodal repertoire
 - Learn by imitation
- How to go beyond prototypical expressions of emotions?
- How to convey social attitudes?



Social attitudes behaviour model

- What are the sequences of multimodal behaviours that trigger change in social attitude perception
- 2. Extraction of sequence of non-verbal signals expressing attitudes variations (increase or decrease)



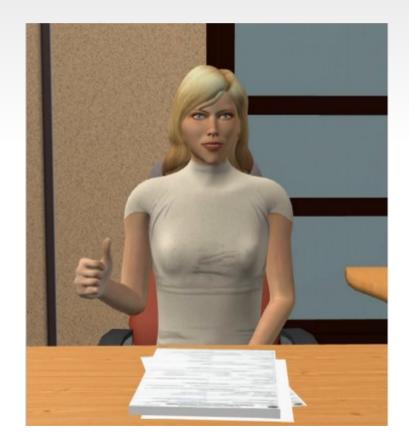
Dominance Decrease

Social Attitudes

Decrease in dominance

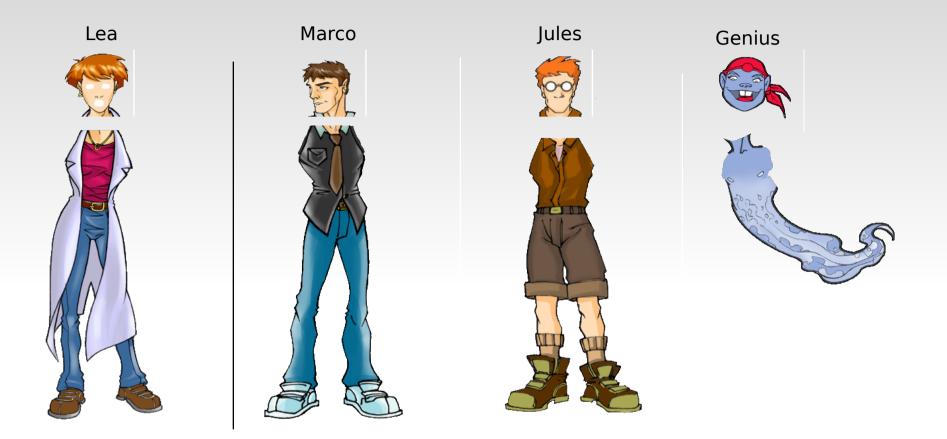


Decrease in friendliness





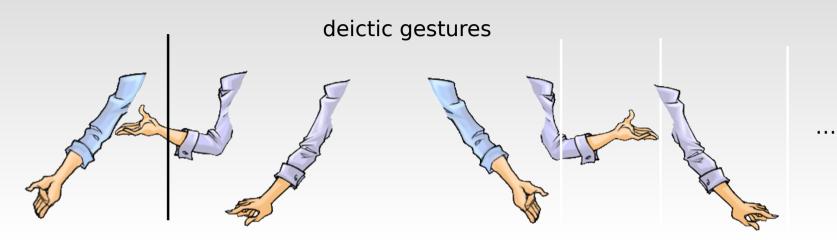
2D cartoon agents: Lea



LEA Agents (LIMSI)

- 2D cartoon characters (110 GIF files)
- Easily integrated into Java applications and JavaScript
- Description language for high-level behaviours

Lea: gestural expressiveness



iconic gestures



adapters

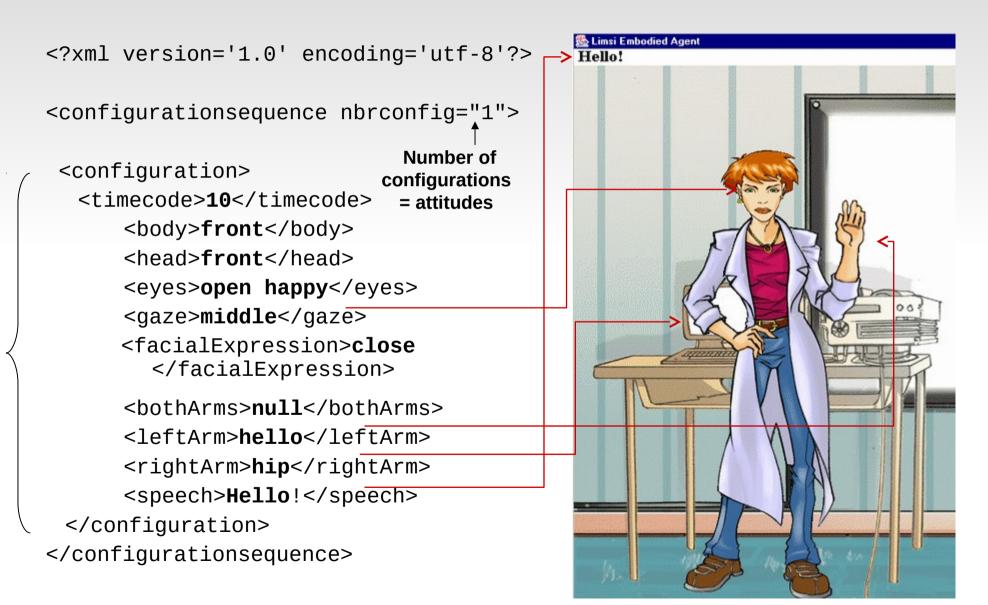


Emblematic gestures

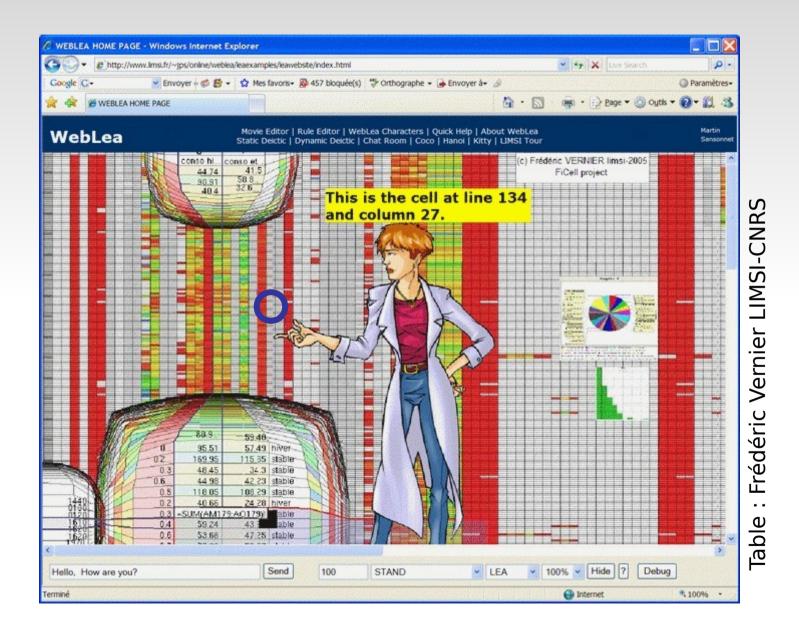


transparent GIF files

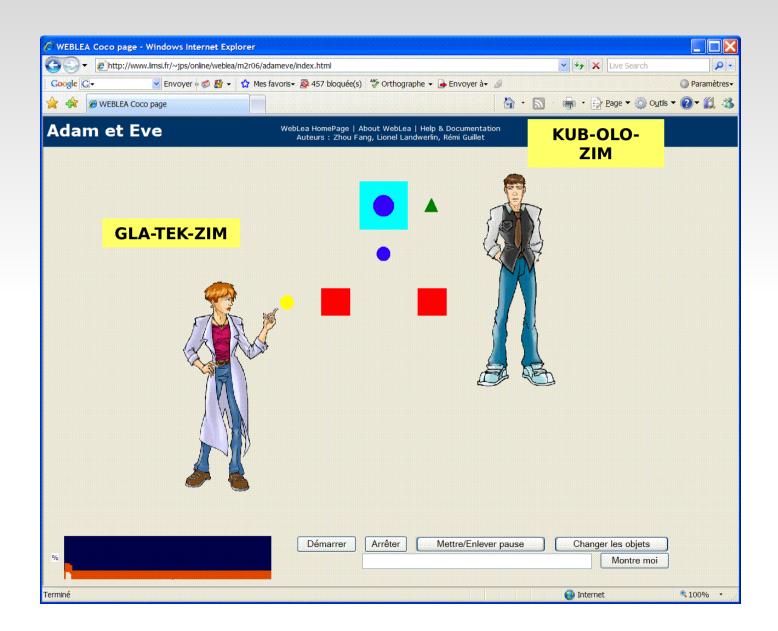
Specifying attitudes and animations in XML



Dynamic Deictic



Designation of DOM objects



Deploying environments



WEB PAGES







Chat bots in the Internet

- Chat bot = "chatterbox" + "robot"
- A program capable of NL dialogue
 - Usually key-word spotting
 - No dialogue session or context
- No embodiment
- Goals: only chat



Assistant agents (application/web)









Web Assistant Agents



nes © Nespresso 2010

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Social avatars on the web

Social avatars

The recent evolution of the communication over the web has prompted the development of so-called "avatars" which are graphical entities dedicated to the mediating process between humans in distributed virtual environments (ex: the "meeting services")

Contrary to an ECA which is the personification of a computer program (an artificial agent) an avatar is the personification of a real human who controls the avatar.

```
(Avatar = Mask) \neq Agent
```

Second life

Presented as a « metaverse » by its developer, Linden Lab, Second Life is a web-based virtual simulation of the social life of ordinary people.

5 000 000 avatars were created Permanently , \sim 200 000 visitors are logged





Mixed communities

Project : « Le deuxième Monde » 1997-2001

- Company: Canal +™
- Head: Sylvie Pesty (LIG Grenoble)
- PhD: Guillaume Chicoisne (LIG Grenoble)

Avatars of users

Mixed Community

- People chatting and purchasing in a Virtual World
- ECA interacting with the people



© CANAL+

Mixed communities and Heterogeneous MAS

Metaphor: meetings

- Definition: computerised environments that integrates transparently humans and artificial agents within meetings
- Mixed initiative communities: brainstorm, design, decision,
 ...
- Virtual Training Environments (VTE): training, simulation, ...

Deploying environments

- **Smart Room**: physical place with augmented reality
- Web-based: distributed and mediated environments

Animated characters

- Avatars: virtual characters driven by humans
- Agents: virtual characters which embodies artificial agents

Social interaction in virtual environments

Mixed training environments

- Avatars
- ECAs

Task: virtual firemen

- Recognition of fire
- Activity reports

Interaction

- Emotion management
- Gestures and facial expressions
- NL dialogue management





M. El Jed, N. Pallamin, L. Morales, C. Adam, B. Pavard, IRIT-GRIC, GT ACA, 2005.11.15 - www.irit.fr/GRIC/VR/

Realistic behaviour of agents

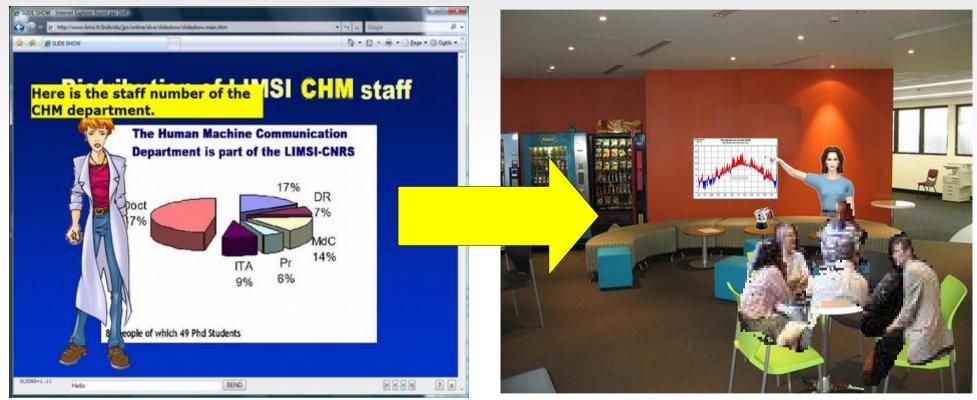
The study of videos enabled to highlight how deictic gestures and gazes towards items are used concomitantly with natural language words ("here", "it", "now", ...)



M. El Jed, N. Pallamin, L. Morales, C. Adam, B. Pavard, IRIT-GRIC, GT ACA, 15 nov 2005 - www.irit.fr/GRIC/VR/

From assistant agents to ambient environments

Application taken from the DIVA toolkit (LIMSI)



Transporting the Function of Assistance from stand-alone applications to room-based ambient environments

DIVA display devices of the Room



HD TV Screen

Large touch Screen



Portable touch Screen





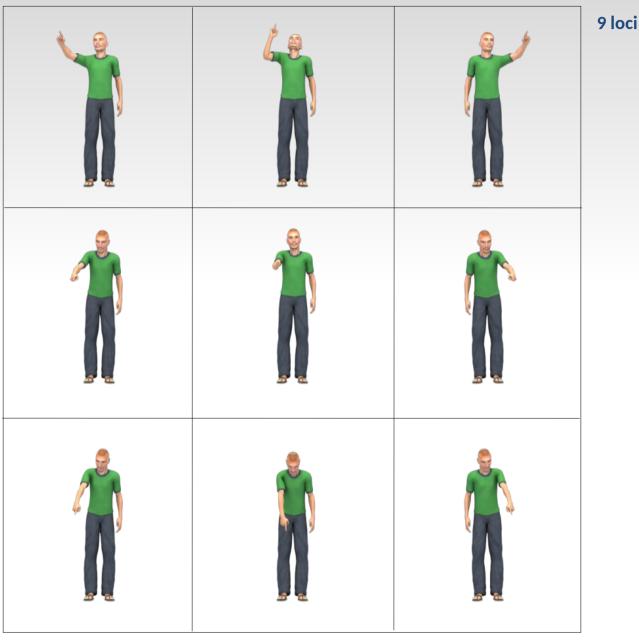
Presentation of any Internet content



Presentation of the IRoom controls

DIVA 3D-pointing gestures





Pointing objects in the physical world

Body zooming for close objects

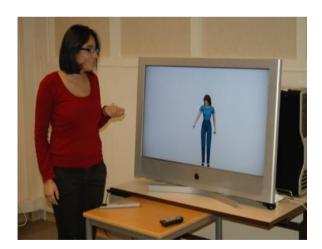












"Which of the two remote controllers should I use?"

Diva Toolkit + IRoom (LIMSI)

A Cognitive and collaborative robot which achieves joint activities with humans

H&R Sharing Task and Space

Contributions

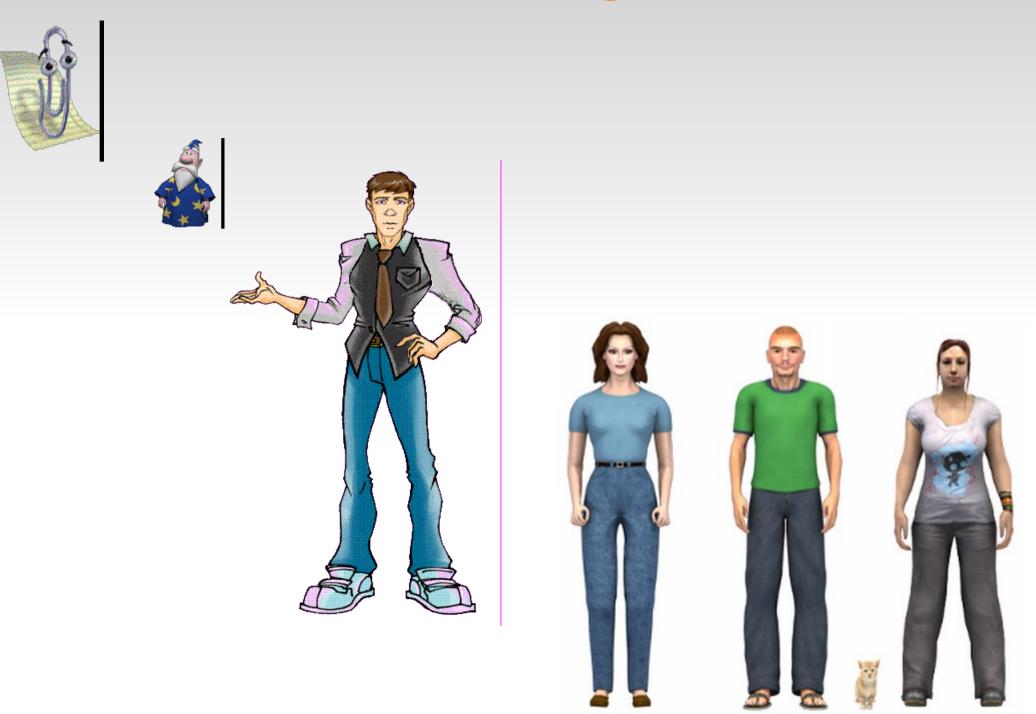
- Decisional issues in Human-Robot Collaboration
- (2) "Human-aware" Task and Motion Planning
- ③ Situation assessment, Theory of Mind, Perspective-Taking and affordances
- Explicit consideration of Legibility, Predictability and Acceptability of Robot Behaviour

LAAS – CNRS Robotics and InteractionS (RIS) Team: Rachid Alami https://homepages.laas.fr/rachid/



Rachid Alami

Assistant agents



Examples from professional web sites

Lucie, virtual assistant of SFR

Lucie, votre assistante virtuelle

Bonjour. Je m'appelle Lucie. Ma mission est de répondre à vos questions sur le mobile, l'ADSL et la téléphonie fixe chez SFR, 24h/24, 7j/7 ! Posez-moi votre question !



Oui, je suis mariée. Mais arrêtons de parler de moi, je suis là pour vous aider!





P. Suignard, GT ACA, 2004.10.26 http://www.limsi.fr/aca/

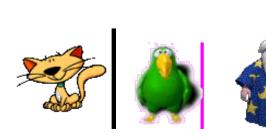
A cons-example: the « Clippie effect »

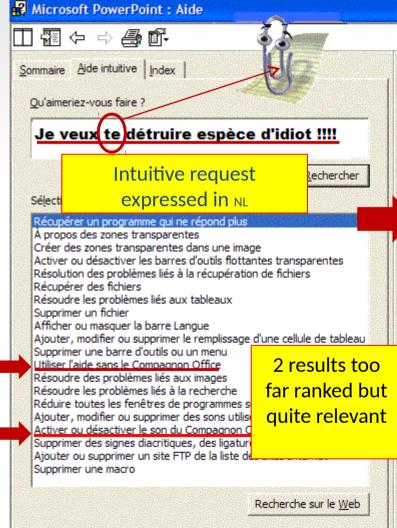
Microsoft Agents™

- Free technology no support
- Agents 2D cartoon
- Can be used on web pages
- Third part characters (LaCantoche[™])
- API for JavaScript & VBScript

Limitations

- Inputs limited to clicks and menus
- No proper dialogue model
- No application model
- No synchronization speech/movements
- Emotions = cartoon 'emotes'





Helping text corresponding to the 1st line of result

Récupérer un programme qui ne répond plus

- Dans le menu Démarrer de Microsoft Windows, pointez sur Programmes, sur Outils Microsoft Office, puis cliquez sur Récupération d'applications Microsoft Office.
- Dans la liste Application, cliquez sur le programme ou le document qui ne répond pas.
- Effectuez l'une des actions suivantes :
 - Pour tenter de récupérer des fichiers sur lesquels vous étiez en train de travailler, cliquez sur Récupérer l'application.
 - Si vous voulez simplement fermer le programme et perdre les dernières modifications apportées aux fichiers, diquez sur Fermer l'application.
- L'erreur à l'origine du problème peut être communiquée à Microsoft pour l'amélioration des versions à venir du programme. Cliquez sur Envoyer le rapport d'erreurs ou sur Ne pas envoyer.

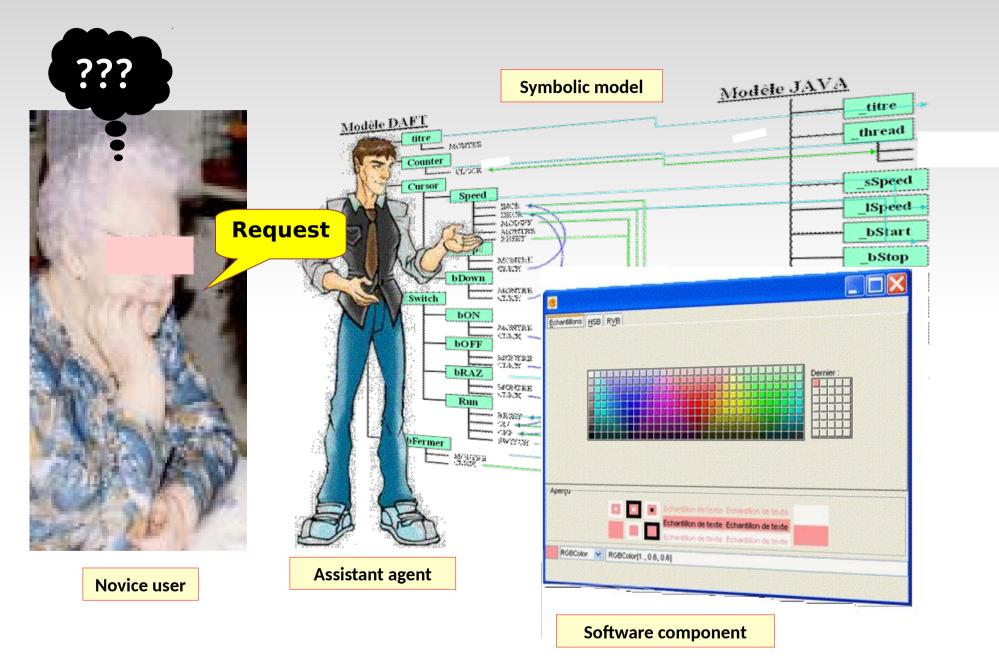
Assistant agents: definition

« An Assistant Agent is a software tool with the capacity to resolve help requests, issuing from novice users, about the static structure and the dynamic functioning of software components or services »

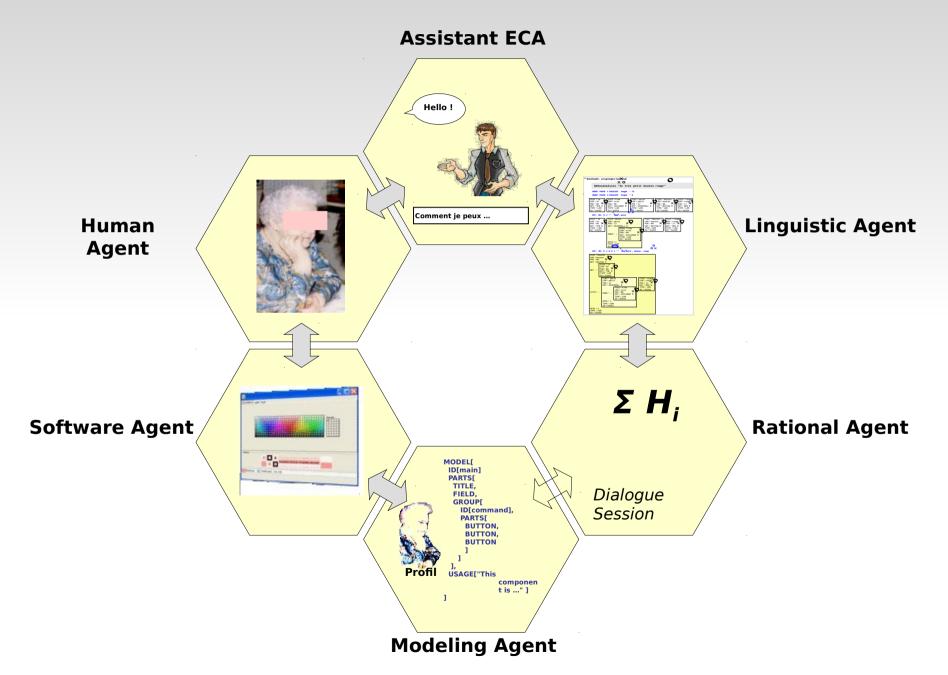
> *InterViews Project – February 1999 Following Patti Maes MIT, 1994*

User
(novice)person with poor knowledge about the componentRequesthelp demand in natural language (speech/text)Componentcomputer application, web service, ambient applianceAgentrational, assistant, conversational, (can be embodied)Mediatorsymbolic model of the structure and the functioning

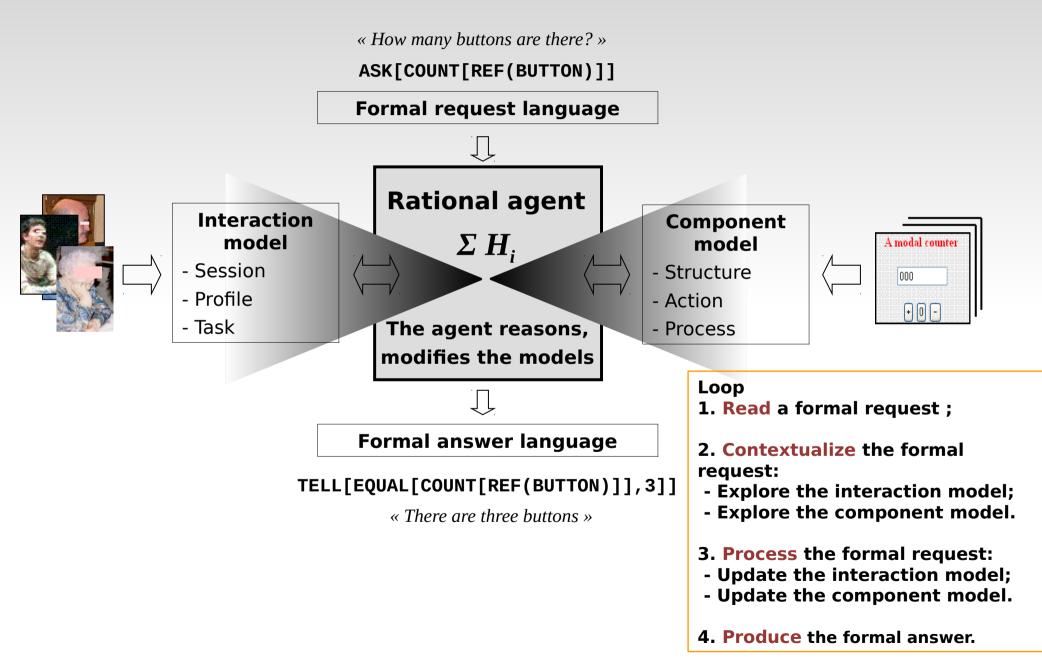
The assistant metaphor



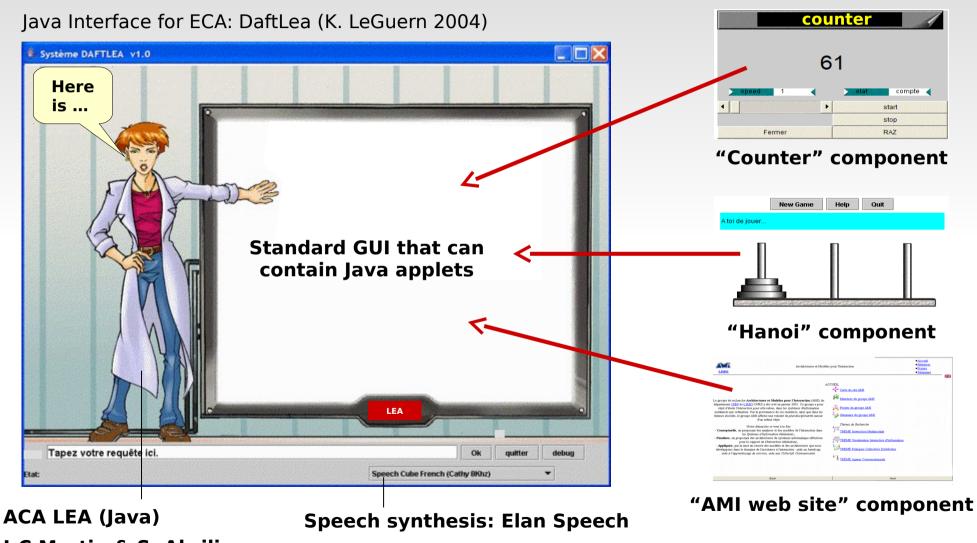
The agents of the Daft project



The Rational Assisting Agent



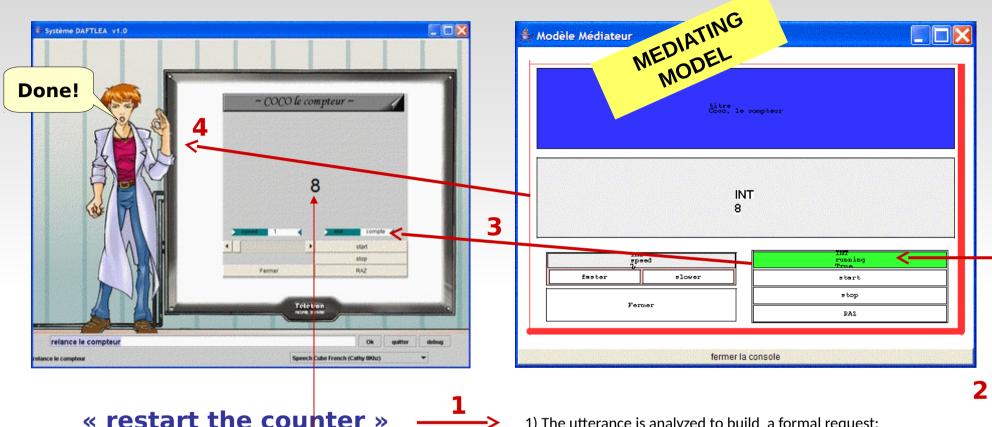
Dialogue with components



J-C Martin & S. Abrilian

...

Processing of a Daft request



When the user enters « restart the counter » in the chatbox, he/she can see:

- The number increments 8, 10, 12, 14 ...
- LEA says: « Done! »
- LEA expresses the emote: ACKNOWLEDGE

1) The utterance is analyzed to build a formal request: RESTART[REF["COUNTER"]]

2) The reference REF is resolved within the model (large red rectangle)

3) The restart action is applied on the boolean of the counter thus producing the model variable INT[8] to be incremented

4) An update is sent to the boolean variable of the application

5) The behavioral answer « ACKNOWLEDGE » is sent to the virtual agent.

Signing agents



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IMSI Gestural Ag	ents Home Pa	age					
stural Agents is an incentive acti	on at LIMSL CNRS over 20	107-2008 The objective	of this work is the develo	ment and the vali	dation of :	a toolkit for 20%	
alistic animated agents which ma	kes it possible to deploy vi	irtual characters of the c	lass « gestural agents »	in web-based distri	buted inte	ractive	
vironments. The gestural library	will be based on the new e	emerging standard BML ((Behavior Modeling Langu	iage).			
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obtain a description from the agent Elsi)

Demos pages

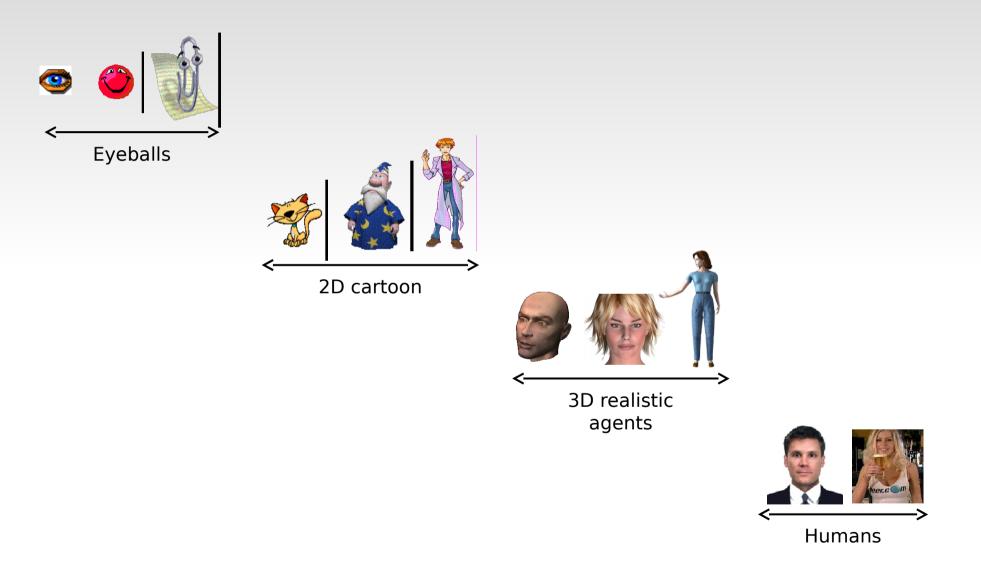
- DIVA Home page of DIVA toolki
 LIMSI Page of the organigram o
 Sign Builder Web page of the t

e realistic gestural agents. site which will soon be assisted by the agent ELSI. ences that are played by the agent ELSI.

Documentation

Poster	Gesture Workshop, GW 2009, Bielefeld Germany	chia, Towards interactive web-based signing y Febr 2009 cchia, A web-based framework for interactive		on
Paper		2008		
Paper	Animated Conversational Agents, WACA'2008, P	aris, 2008		

Usefulness of embodiment



Evaluation of ECAs

EfficiencyMeasures the actual performance of the couple user-agent when carrying
out a given task.UsabilityMeasures the capacity of the user to have a good comprehension of the
functioning of the system and the fluency of the control.FriendlinessMeasures the "feeling" of the user about the features of the system
(attraction, commitment, esthetic, comfort, ...)BelievabilityMeasures the "feeling" of the user about the fact that the agent can
understand the user's problems and has the capacity to help with real
competence.

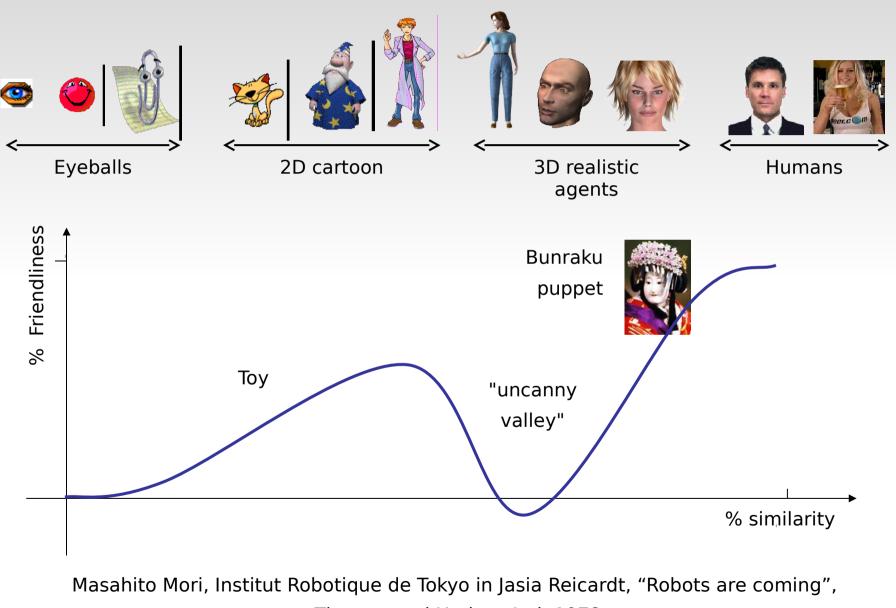
Measures the "feeling" of the user about the fact that the agent behaves as a trustable and cooperative entity.

Objective

Subjective

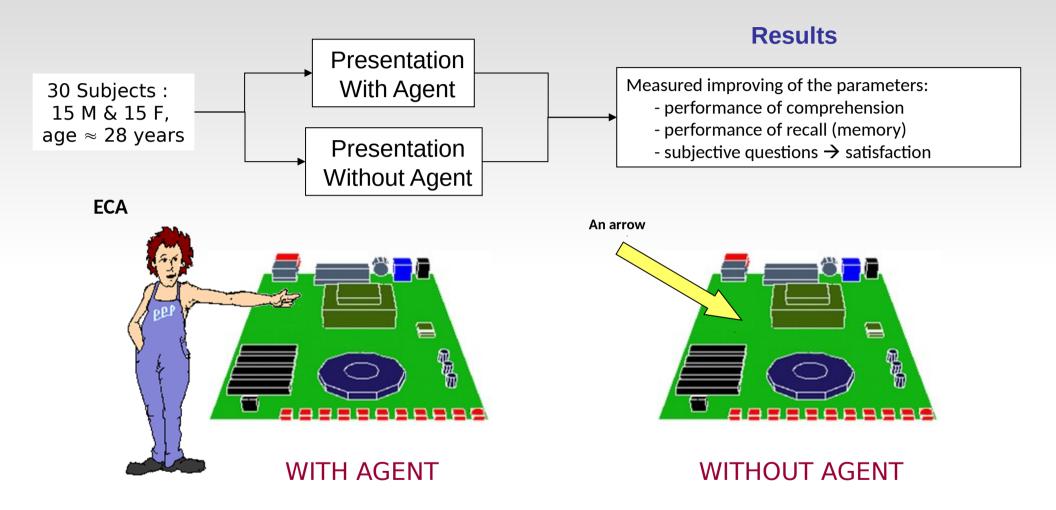
Trust

Ratio realism / friendliness



Thames and Hudson Ltd, 1978

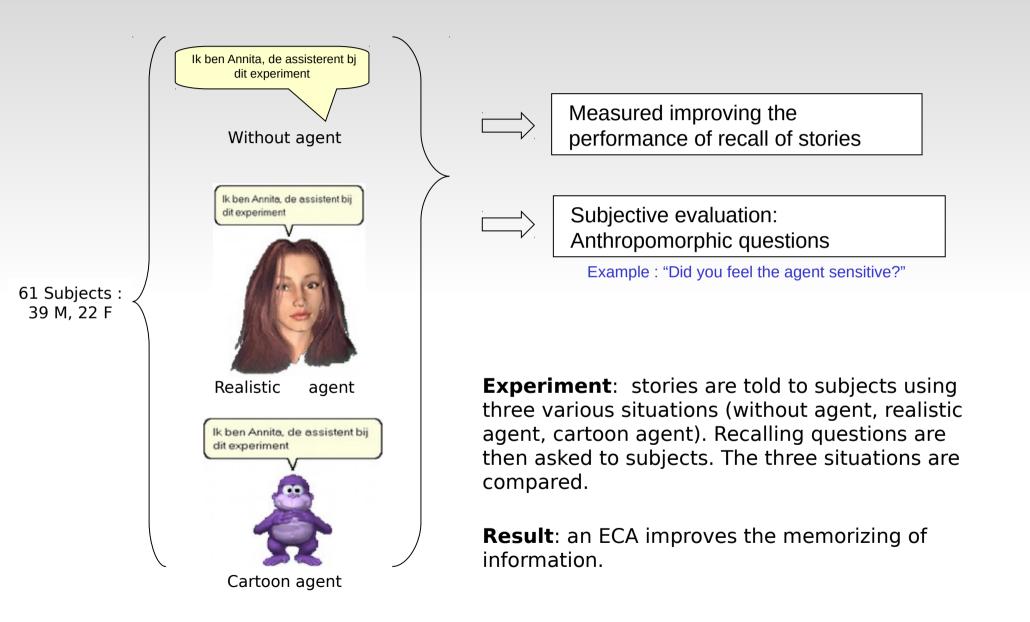
The Persona Effect of Lester



• Lester et al. (1997). The Persona Effect: Affective impact of Animated Pedagogical Agents. CHI'97.

• van Mulken et al. (1998). The Persona Effect: How substantial is it? HCI'98.

Persona effect and memorizing



Beun et al. (2003). Embodied conversational agents: Effects on memory performance and anthropomorphisation. IVA'03.

Experiments on Functional description

Three different agents:

- 2 men (Marco, Jules) with different garment
- 1 woman (Lea)

Three strategies of cooperation:

- Redundancy (speech + gesture)
- Complementarity (50% speech / 50% gesture)
- Specialization (speech only)

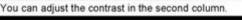
Three objects to describe:

- 1. Video recorder remote controller
- 2. Photocopier control panel
- 3. Application for designing graphic documents



3³ = 27 experiments







Stéphanie Buisine, LIMSI 2004

Functional description: evaluation results

Quality of explanation

- No noticeable effect of the appearance,
- Noticeable effect of the multimodal behaviour: the redundant explanations are preferred.

Sympathy

- No noticeable effect of the multimodal behaviour,
- Noticeable effect of the appearance :

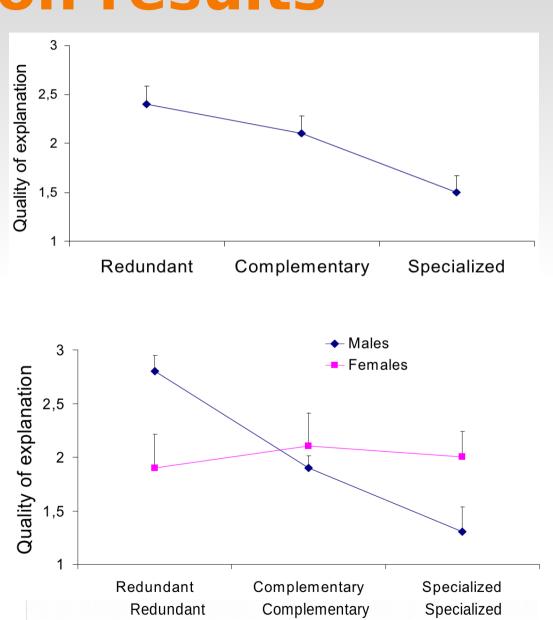


Performance

- Same as the appearance,
- But no correlation between Sympathy and Performance.

Impact of the user's gender

- Men react differentially and prefer redounding explanations,
- Women do not react differentially.

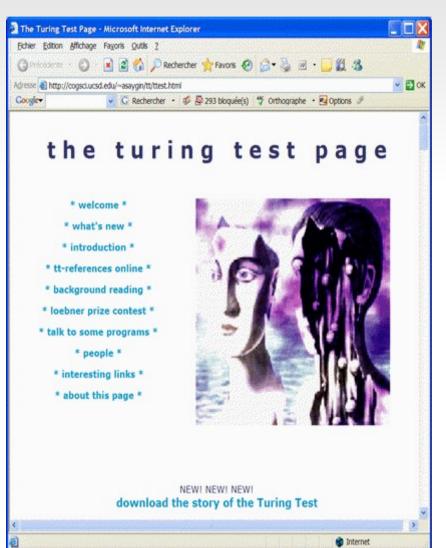


Stéphanie Buisine, LIMSI 2004

Human-ECA Interaction

Turing test: conversational intelligence

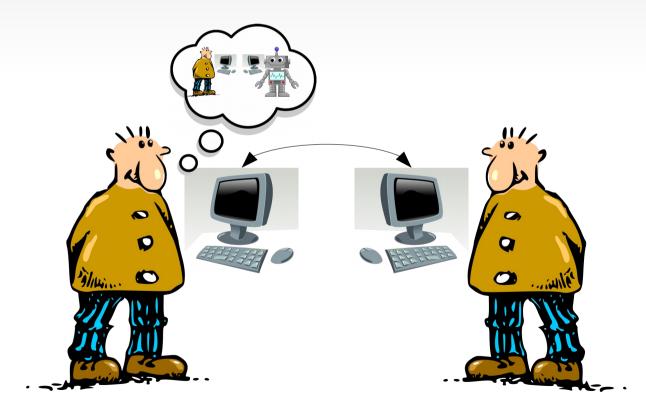
- Turing Test, Alan M. Turing (1912-1954) : "the imitation game" in "Computing Machinery and Intelligence", Mind, Vol. 59, No. 236, pp. 433-460, 1950.
- Can be replaced by a *Turing-like* test, on output data instead of during direct interaction



Wizard of Oz methodology

Wizard of Oz

- An experimenter pilots an avatar
- The user does not know that he is in front of another human (he thinks he faces a virtual agent)



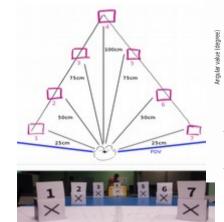
HRI: Immersive teleoperation

... for demonstrating social behaviors Gérard Bailly, Frédéric Elisei & Rémi Cambuzat

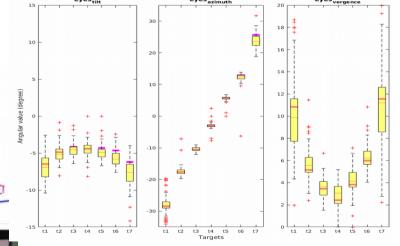
- Immersive teleoperation of Nina
 - Lips, head & eye movements (azimuth, elevation & vergence)
 - Audiovisual (binaural & stereo) feedback

Cambuzat, R., Elisei, F., Bailly, G., Simonin, O., & Spalanzani, A. (2018) Immersive teleoperation of the eye gaze of social robots, <u>International Symposium on Robotics (ISR)</u>, Munich, Germany: pp. 232-239.

- Learning behaviors
 - Intra- & inter-modal coordination
- Embodied cognition
 - Pilot's behavior

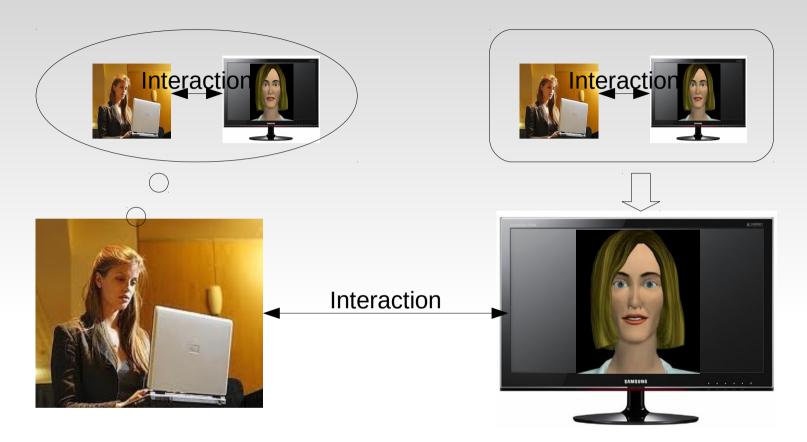








Humain-Agent interaction



Multiple inputs

Textual (text boxes), audio (microphone), video (camera), sensors (AmI environment),...

Multiple outputs

Textual, audio, facial expressions, postures, gestures, lighting, ...

Multiple models

Conversational, emotional, of the environment, of the user, ...

European project SEMAINE: an ECA architecture





-- Home -- Project description -- Partners -- Events -- Publications -- Downloads --

The SEMAINE project

The Semaine project is an EU-FP7 1st call STREP project and aims to build a SAL, a Sensitive Artificial Listener, a multimodal dialogue system which can:

- interact with humans with a virtual character
- sustain an interaction with a user for some time
- · react appropriately to the user's non-verbal behaviour

In the end, this SAL-system will be released to a large extent as an open source research tool to the community.

The second public demonstrator system can now be found in the Downloads section.

Sample interactions with the system can be found here: http://www.youtube.com/user/GMcKeownQUB?feature=mhum#p/a/u/0/6KZc6e_EuCg

This is a sample interaction with one of the characters (recorded with the real system!)



The participating institutions are:

Germany



DFKI, Deutsches Forschungszentrum fÄ%r Kļnstliche Intelligenz, Germany (coordinator)

Imperial College ICSTM: Imperial College of Science, London Technology and Medicine, London, UK



TUM: Technische UniversitÄxt MÄ%nchen,



OUB: Oueen's University Belfast, UK

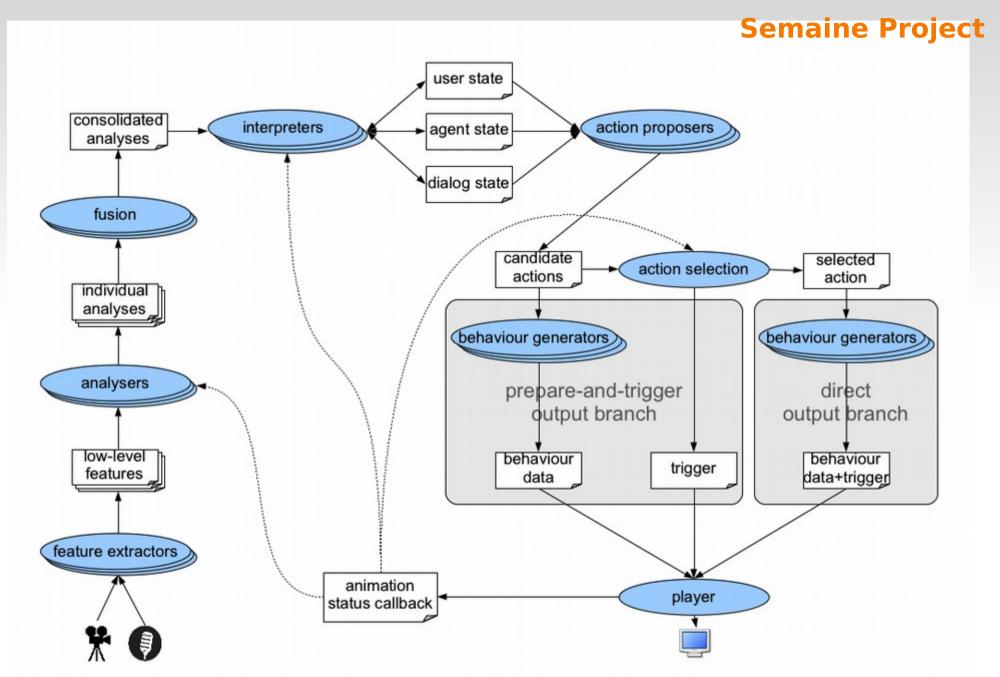


UT: Universiteit Twente, Netherlands University of Twenty

http://www.semaine-project.eu/ 66

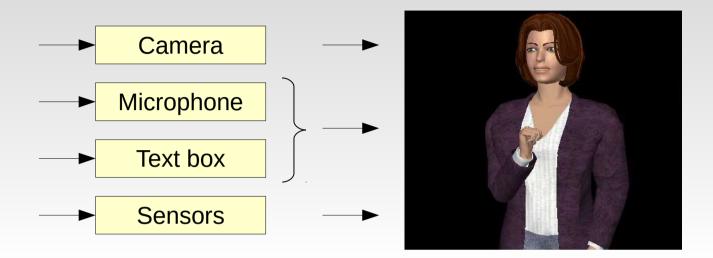


Example of ECA architecture



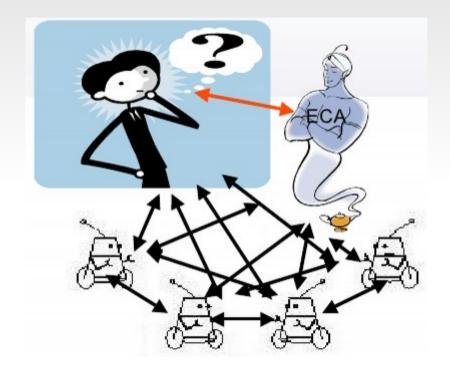
http://semaine.opendfki.de/wiki/ComponentArchitecture

Interaction inputs



- Microphone + transc.: dialogue input (semantic + emotions)
- Microphone (emotion)
- Camera:
 - Gestures (semantic)
 - Facial expressions / postures (emotions)
- Sensors:
 - Context
 - Physiological signals (emotions)

Human-ECA Dialogue



S. Pesty, GT ACA, 2005.11.15, http://www.limsi.fr/aca/

Conversational agents

Textual / GUI

Non linguistic

• Contextual help: pop-ups, ...

- Online manuals: hypertext navigation
- Assistants using a decision tree

Embodied

• State printer: emotion, emotes

Unidirectional, II linguistic •

INPUT

• Query fields embedded in an application window: keywords, free/open questions

OUTPUT

• Feature presenter

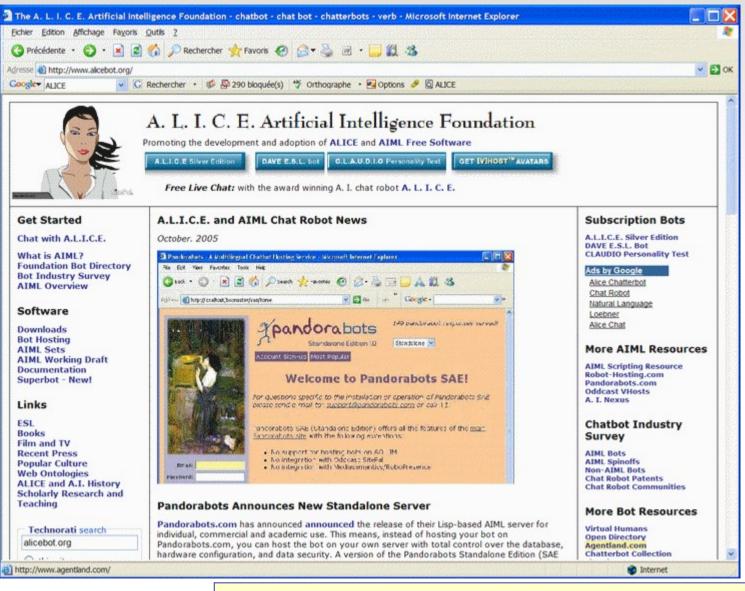
Conversational (bidirectional, linguistic)

- Chat bots: Eliza
- Dialogical assistants: InterViews, Daft, Artemis, ...

• Mediators: acts as a representative of an application of a service

Avatars

The reference of the chatbots A. L. I. C. E.

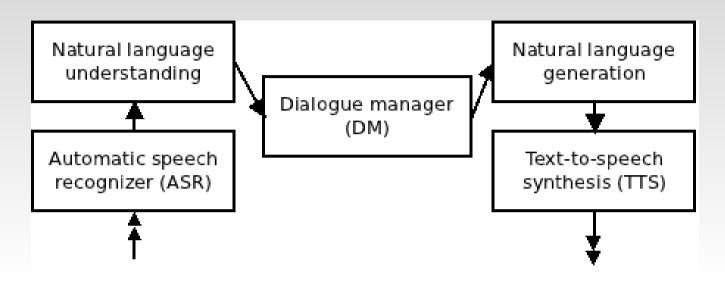


Author: Richard S. Wallace Website: http://www.alicebot.org Documentation : http://alicebot.org/TR/2001/WD-aiml-1.0.1-20011025-006.html

Jabberwacky wins the Loebner Prize 2005

PROGRAM: Hello, my name is George and I am the human. Hi George, cslkislw weicmslw weos, right? JUDGE: PROGRAM: Don't repeat your name, csthiang! If Isikel Iwehlx wouldn't you say? JUDGE: PROGRAM: No, he's still good. JUDGE: Who. PROGRAM: You and me. If you are human, tell me which is larger, a salt crystal or the Empire State Building. JUDGE: PROGRAM: It's caring about another person's well being more than your own. What if I care about another person's well being more than I should? JUDGE: PROGRAM: How would you do that? JUDGE: Which is further away from us, Queens or Inner Mongolia? PROGRAM: HA! HA! That was stupid. Tell me a GOOD joke this time. JUDGE: You say you are human but you can't answer a simple question. PROGRAM: Because I am alive. JUDGE: You are not following the rules. You are supposed to convince me that you are a human, not convince me that you are mysterious. PROGRAM: I can't very well convince one lacking a mind, can I? JUDGE: It isn't my mind that is in question, it is yours! PROGRAM: No my name is not katie. JUDGE: Which is larger, your brain or Belgium? PROGRAM: Oh the one on the far left without a doubt. JUDGE: Francais. PROGRAM: Yes do you speak it? Francais. JUDGE: **PROGRAM: Francais?** JUDGE: Francais. PROGRAM: O well I don't speak french. JUDGE: Who. PROGRAM: Mine. JUDGE: The ljwli is what we want, right? PROGRAM: I can not do it right now because I m talking to you a million miles away.

Dialogue systems



- Retro-action loop not taken into account: knowing the state of the dialogue (DM) can improve
 - Automatic speech recognizer
 - Natural language understanding
- The DM should manage multimodality
 - As input (ex: gestures, facial expressions, emotions)
 - As output (ex: emphasis, voice modulating, utterance+gesture)

Utterance understanding

- Speech act theory (Searle&Vanderveken, 1985)
 - In accordance with Bratman's theory of intention (Bratman, 1987)
 - Illocutionary acts (Vanderveken, 1990)
 - Formalisation: F(P)
 - 5 speech acts: assertive, commissive, directive, declarative, expressive
- Transposition to MAS
 - KQML
 - FIPA ACL

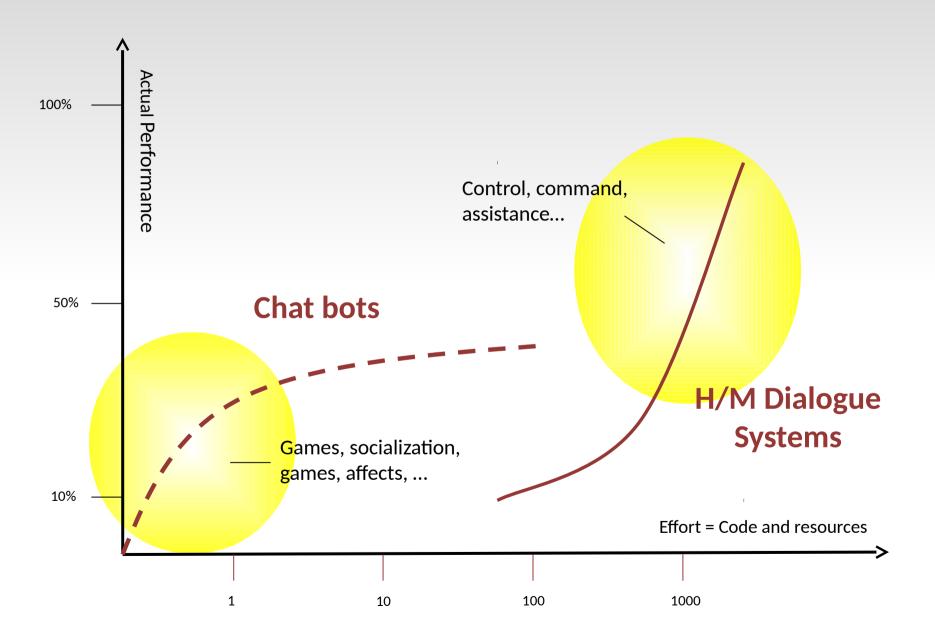
Existing dialogue systems

- Case-base systems using keyword spotting: chatbot
- Communication protocols (FIPA ACL): MAS
- Planning systems (Allen 80, Traum 96)
- POM-DP: call centres (Frampton&Lemon 09)
- Dialogue games (Maudet 00)
- Information-State update (Larsson 00) : Trindikit, GoDiS, IbiS

Scientific deadlock yet unsolved!

(see Mission Rehearsal Exercise (Swartout et al. 2006))

Ratio Effort/Performance



Social interaction

- How do humans coordinate behaviour?
 - Synchronization mechanisms
 - Joint attention & gaze regulation
 - Share representation of action
- What are the mechanisms that safeguard social interaction?
 - Emotion and dialog adaptation
 - First impression management
 - Interruption management
 - Engagement
 - Emotion regulation

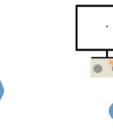


Joint attention and action

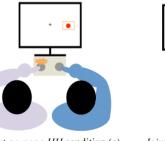
- Gaze-contingent avatar:
 - Modelling realistic joint attention behaviours on an artificial agent
 - Regulation of gaze during joint attention episodes
- Pro-social role of gaze following
 Higher likability of gaze following avatars
- Shared representation of human vs machine action



Courgeon et al, IEEE TAC, 2014



Individual go-nogo condition (b)





Joint go-nogo HH condition (c)

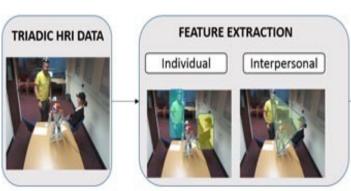
Joint go-nogo HM condition (d)

Sahai et al, IEEE RO-MAN, 2017

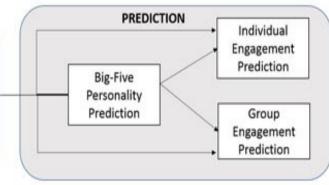


Engagement in interaction

- User engagement detection
- Multi party engagement
 - Interpersonal synchrony on visual, acoustic and tactile signals
 - Engagement metrics definition
 - Low and high levels features



H. Salam et al. IEEE Access 2017





S. Anzalone et al. *Social Robotics* 2017



Mohamed Chetouani et al

Applications

- Training social skills
 _ Job interviews
 - Alzheimer
 - Medical teams

- Personalized Coach
 - Back pain
 - Diabetes





MARC plays Othello



Serious game: Job interview training



Serious game: Train doctors to break bad news



Serious game and Entertainment

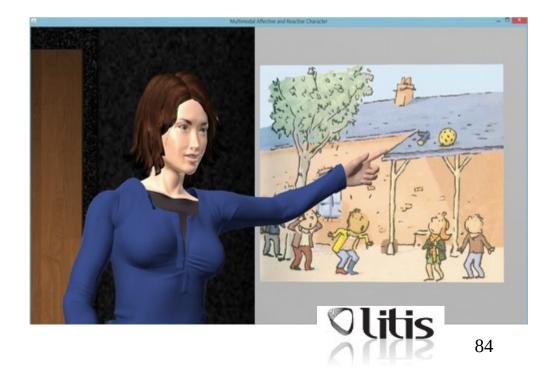


EAST project

- Pedagogical agents in virtual environment for human learning
- Pro-active vs reactive agents
- Collaborative mixed society

NARECA project

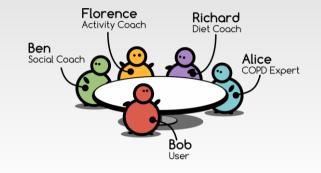
- Narrative Embodied
 Conversational Agent
- Child-Agent interaction
- Multimodal dialogue management



Alexandre Pauchet

Scientific issues

- Conduct multi-party interaction
 - Talk and act together
 - Conversation flow
- Enlarge interaction modalities
 - Music
 - Touch
- Maintain long-term interaction
 - Adapt to users in term of alignment, preferences...
 - Curiosity, self/mixed-learning
- Context awareness, situated interaction



Scientific issues

- Data center
- Agent's identity
 - Hybrid model
 - Migration
- Targeted population:
 - Ageing society
 - Multicultural society
- Evaluation
 - In the wild
 - Long term
- Ethical requirement

Acknowledgements

- Jean-Paul Sansonnet (LIMSI)
- Catherine Pelachaud (ISIR)
- All members of GT ACAI

Conclusion

